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## EDGAR Submission Header Summary

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Submission Type	10-Q
Live File	on
Return Copy	on
Exchange	NASD
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Smaller Reporting Company	off
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### Documents

10-Q	t76345_10q.htm
	FORM 10-Q
EX-10.1	ex10-1.htm
	EXHIBIT 10.1
EX-15.1	ex15-1.htm
	EXHIBIT 15.1
EX-31.1	ex31-1.htm
	EXHIBIT 31.1
EX-31.2	ex31-2.htm
	EXHIBIT 31.2
EX-32.1	ex32-1.htm
	EXHIBIT 32.1
EX-32.2	ex32-2.htm
	EXHIBIT 32.2
EX-101.INS	acet-20130331.xml
	XBRL INSTANCE DOCUMENT
EX-101.SCH	acet-20130331.xsd
	XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION SCHEMA
EX-101.CAL	acet-20130331_cal.xml
	XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION CALCULATION LINKBASE
EX-101.DEF	acet-20130331_def.xml
	XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION DEFINITION LINKBASE
EX-101.LAB	acet-20130331_lab.xml
	XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION LABEL LINKBASE
EX-101.PRE	acet-20130331_pre.xml
	XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION PRESENTATION LINKBASE

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### Module and Segment References

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013  
Commission file number 000-04217

ACETO CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

11-1720520  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification  
Number)

4 Tri Harbor Court, Port Washington, NY 11050  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(516) 627-6000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

www.aceto.com  
(Registrant's website address)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every interactive data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

The registrant had 27,393,375 shares of common stock outstanding as of May 6, 2013.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013**

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**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(in thousands, except per-share amounts)

	March 31, 2013 (unaudited)	June 30, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,423	\$ 24,862
Investments	1,655	1,518
Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts (March, \$846; June, \$887)	95,904	74,744
Other receivables	4,495	2,979
Inventory	86,681	84,687
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,068	2,231
Deferred income tax asset, net	1,260	948
Total current assets	228,486	191,969
Property and equipment, net	11,631	11,705
Property held for sale	4,058	3,752
Goodwill	33,512	33,495
Intangible assets, net	41,296	45,251
Deferred income tax asset, net	4,684	4,719
Other assets	9,615	8,389
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 333,282	\$ 299,280
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 7,464	\$ 6,713
Accounts payable	50,220	42,007
Accrued expenses	33,476	24,921
Total current liabilities	91,160	73,641
Long-term debt	36,404	39,052
Long-term liabilities	14,159	12,943
Environmental remediation liability	6,370	5,633
Deferred income tax liability	20	8
Total liabilities	148,113	131,277
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 40,000 shares authorized; 27,386 and 26,937 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively	274	269
Capital in excess of par value	67,885	64,071
Retained earnings	114,758	102,344
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,252	1,319
Total shareholders' equity	185,169	168,003
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 333,282	\$ 299,280

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Net sales	\$ 376,575	\$ 333,439
Cost of sales	<u>302,835</u>	<u>272,121</u>
Gross profit	73,740	61,318
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>47,769</u>	<u>41,678</u>
Operating income	25,971	19,640
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(1,570)	(2,067)
Interest and other income, net	<u>1,906</u>	<u>1,878</u>
	<u>336</u>	<u>(189)</u>
Income before income taxes	26,307	19,451
Income tax provision	<u>9,381</u>	<u>6,451</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 16,926</u>	<u>\$ 13,000</u>
Net income per common share	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.49
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.49
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	26,956	26,558
Diluted	27,342	26,747

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Net sales	\$ 150,871	\$ 121,415
Cost of sales	119,344	99,260
Gross profit	<u>31,527</u>	<u>22,155</u>
Selling, general and administrative expenses	19,781	14,581
Operating income	<u>11,746</u>	<u>7,574</u>
Other (expense) income:		
Interest expense	(492)	(656)
Interest and other income, net	<u>333</u>	<u>630</u>
	<u>(159)</u>	<u>(26)</u>
Income before income taxes	11,587	7,548
Income tax provision	3,994	2,169
Net income	<u>\$ 7,593</u>	<u>\$ 5,379</u>
Net income per common share	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.20
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.20
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	27,108	26,634
Diluted	27,485	26,870

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net income	\$ 16,926	\$ 13,000	\$ 7,593	\$ 5,379
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	824	(3,514)	(1,487)	1,327
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	<u>109</u>	<u>(102)</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>1</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 17,859</u>	<u>\$ 9,384</u>	<u>\$ 6,162</u>	<u>\$ 6,707</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 16,926	\$ 13,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,203	5,184
Provision for doubtful accounts	61	140
Non-cash stock compensation	1,353	881
Deferred income taxes	(268)	457
Earnings on equity investment in joint venture	(1,748)	(1,602)
Contingent consideration	2,840	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Investments-trading securities	-	475
Trade accounts receivable	(20,791)	(2,457)
Other receivables	(1,591)	1,964
Inventory	(1,576)	(6,036)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(790)	(659)
Other assets	617	607
Accounts payable	7,959	3,282
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	9,222	(5,403)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>17,417</u>	<u>9,833</u>
Investing activities:		
Purchases of investments	(1,152)	(1,138)
Sales of investments	1,029	-
Payments received on notes receivable	-	350
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(902)	(692)
Payments for intangible assets	(563)	(726)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,588)</u>	<u>(2,206)</u>
Financing activities:		
Payment of cash dividends	(4,481)	(2,661)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,961	198
Excess tax benefit on stock option exercises and restricted stock	427	32
Payment of deferred consideration	(1,470)	(1,500)
Repayment of bank loans	(8,897)	(4,698)
Borrowings of bank loans	7,000	-
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(5,460)</u>	<u>(8,629)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	<u>192</u>	<u>(1,051)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash	10,561	(2,053)
Cash at beginning of period	24,862	28,664
Cash at end of period	<u>\$ 35,423</u>	<u>\$ 26,611</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.



**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

**(1) Basis of Presentation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements of Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries (“Aceto” or the “Company”) included herein have been prepared by the Company and reflect all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for all periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results which may be achieved for the full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in those financial statements. These judgments can be subjective and complex, and consequently actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. The Company’s most critical accounting policies relate to revenue recognition; royalty income; partnered products; allowance for doubtful accounts; inventories; goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets; long-lived assets; environmental and other contingencies; income taxes; and stock-based compensation.

These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures associated with consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Accordingly, these statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company’s Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012.

**(2) Stock-Based Compensation**

At the annual meeting of shareholders of the Company, held on December 6, 2012, the Company’s shareholders approved the amended and restated Aceto Corporation 2010 Equity Participation Plan (the “Plan”). Under the Plan, grants of stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, and stock bonuses (collectively, “Stock Awards”) may be made to employees, non-employee directors and consultants of the Company, including the chief executive officer, chief financial officer and other named executive officers. The maximum number of shares of common stock of the Company that may be issued pursuant to Stock Awards granted under the Plan will not exceed, in the aggregate, 5,250 shares.

During fiscal year 2012, the Company granted 217 stock options to employees at an exercise price equal to the market value of the common stock on the date of grant, determined in accordance with the Plan. These options vest over three years and have a term of ten years from the date of grant. Compensation expense was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Total compensation expense related to stock options for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$246 and \$250, respectively and \$83 and \$79 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of March 31, 2013, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to option awards is \$325.

In order to determine the fair value of stock options on the date of grant, the Company uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, including an estimate of forfeiture rates. Inherent in this model are assumptions related to expected stock-price volatility, risk-free interest rate, expected life and dividend yield. The Company uses an expected stock-price volatility assumption that is a combination of both historical volatility, calculated based on the daily closing prices of its common stock over a period equal to the expected life of the option and implied volatility, utilizing market data of actively traded options on Aceto’s common stock, which are obtained from public data sources. The Company believes that the historical volatility of the price of its common stock over the expected life of the option is a reasonable indicator of the expected future volatility and that implied volatility takes into consideration market expectations of how future volatility might differ from historical volatility. Accordingly, the Company believes a combination of both historical and implied volatility provides the best estimate of the future volatility of the market price of its common stock. The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury issues with a term equal to the expected life of the option. The Company uses historical data to estimate expected dividend yield, expected life and forfeiture rates. The fair values of the options granted in fiscal year 2012 were estimated based on the following weighted average assumptions:

	Nine months ended March 31, 2012
	<hr/>
Expected life	5.7 years
Expected volatility	48.10%
Risk-free interest rate	1.59%
Dividend yield	3.24%

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

There were no stock options granted in the nine months ended March 31, 2013.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2013, the Company granted 120 shares of restricted common stock to its employees that vest over three years and 25 shares of restricted common stock to its non-employee directors, which vest over one year. In addition, the Company also issued a target grant of 84 performance-vested restricted stock units, which grant could be as much as 126 if certain performance criteria and market conditions are met. Performance-vested restricted stock units will cliff vest 100% at the end of the third year following grant in accordance with the performance metrics set forth in the applicable employee performance-vested restricted stock unit grant.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the Company granted 103 shares of restricted common stock to its employees that vest over three years and 38 shares of restricted common stock to its non-employee directors, which vest over one year. In addition, the Company also issued a target grant of 49 performance-vested restricted stock units, which grant could be as much as 73 if certain performance criteria and market conditions are met. Performance-vested restricted stock units will cliff vest 100% at the end of the third year following grant in accordance with the performance metrics set forth in the applicable employee performance-vested restricted stock unit grant.

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$361 and \$1,097 respectively, related to restricted common stock and restricted stock units. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$203 and \$623, respectively, related to restricted common stock and restricted stock units. As of March 31, 2013, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock awards and units is approximately \$2,204.

**(3) Common Stock**

On May 9, 2013, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.055 per share to be distributed on June 25, 2013 to shareholders of record as of June 14, 2013.

On February 7, 2013, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.055 per share which was paid on March 26, 2013 to shareholders of record as of March 15, 2013.

On December 6, 2012, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.055 per share which was paid on December 28, 2012 to shareholders of record as of December 17, 2012.

On September 6, 2012, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.055 per share which was paid on September 28, 2012 to shareholders of record as of September 17, 2012.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

**(4) Net Income Per Common Share**

Basic income per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per common share includes the dilutive effect of potential common shares outstanding. The following table sets forth the reconciliation of weighted average shares outstanding and diluted weighted average shares outstanding:

	Nine months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Weighted average shares outstanding	26,956	26,558	27,108	26,634
Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards and units	386	189	377	236
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	<u>27,342</u>	<u>26,747</u>	<u>27,485</u>	<u>26,870</u>

There were 566 and 1,571 common equivalent shares outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, that were not included in the calculation of diluted income per common share for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. There were 545 and 1,250 common equivalent shares outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, that were not included in the calculation of diluted income per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

**(5) Debt**

*Long-term debt*

	March 31, 2013	June 30, 2012
Revolving bank loans	\$ 14,000	\$ 11,000
Term bank loans	26,250	31,000
Mortgage	<u>3,618</u>	<u>3,765</u>
	43,868	45,765
Less current portion	<u>7,464</u>	<u>6,713</u>
	<u>\$ 36,404</u>	<u>\$ 39,052</u>

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

*Credit Facilities*

On December 31, 2010, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with two U.S. financial institutions. Aceto may borrow, repay and reborrow during the period ending December 31, 2015, up to but not exceeding at any one time outstanding \$40,000 (the "Revolving Loans"). The Revolving Loans may be (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement), (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2013, the Company borrowed Revolving Loans aggregating \$14,000, which loans are Adjusted LIBOR Loans at an interest rate of 2.06% at March 31, 2013. The Credit Agreement also allows for the borrowing of up to \$40,000 (the "Term Loan"). The Company borrowed a Term Loan of \$40,000 on December 31, 2010. The Term Loan interest may be payable as an (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loan, (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loan, or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2013, the remaining amount outstanding under the original amortizing Term Loan is \$26,250 and is payable as an Adjusted LIBOR Loan at an interest rate of 2.06% at March 31, 2013. The Term Loan is payable as to principal in twenty (20) consecutive quarterly installments, which commenced on March 31, 2011 and will continue on each June 30, September 30 and December 31st thereafter, each in the amount set forth below opposite the applicable installment, provided that the final payment on the Term Loan Maturity Date (as defined in the Credit Agreement) shall be in an amount equal to the then outstanding unpaid principal amount of the Term Loan:

<u>Installment</u>	<u>Amount</u>
1 through 8	\$ 1,500
9 through 12	\$ 1,750
13 through 16	\$ 2,000
17 through 20	\$ 3,250

As such, the Company has classified \$7,250 of the Term Loan as short-term in the consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2013. The Credit Agreement also provides that commercial letters of credit shall be issued to provide the primary payment mechanism in connection with the purchase of any materials, goods or services by the Company in the ordinary course of business. The Company had open letters of credit of approximately \$47 and \$199 as of March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively. The terms of these letters of credit are all less than one year. No material loss is anticipated due to non-performance by the counterparties to these agreements.

The Credit Agreement provides for a security interest in all personal property of the Company. The Credit Agreement contains several financial covenants including, among other things, maintaining a minimum level of debt service. The Company is also subject to certain restrictive covenants, including, among other things, covenants governing liens, limitations on indebtedness, limitations on cash dividends, guarantees, sale of assets, sales of receivables, and loans and investments. The Company was in compliance with all covenants at March 31, 2013.

*Mortgage*

On June 30, 2011, the Company entered into a mortgage payable for \$3,947 on its new corporate headquarters, in Port Washington, New York. This mortgage payable is secured by the land and building and is being amortized over a period of 20 years. The mortgage payable bears interest at 5.92% and matures on June 30, 2021.

**(6) Commitments, Contingencies and Other Matters**

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to various claims which have arisen in the normal course of business. The impact of the final resolution of these matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular reporting period is not known. Management is of the opinion, however, that the ultimate outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company's financial condition or liquidity.

On October 29, 2012, a lawsuit was filed in the United Kingdom by United Phosphorous Limited ("UPL") against Aceto Agricultural Chemicals Corporation ("AACC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. In the lawsuit, UPL alleges, among other things, that AACC breached a 1995 agreement regarding European sales of a potato sprout suppression product, by selling the product in Europe. UPL claims damages of approximately £4,500 (approximately US \$7,200) plus an unspecified amount of additional damages. While the impact of the resolution of the matter, including any legal and other associated costs, on the Company's consolidated results of operations in a particular reporting period is not known at this time, after a detailed review and careful analysis of the allegations, AACC strongly denies the allegations, believes that UPL's claims are without merit and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

In fiscal years 2011, 2009, 2008 and 2007, the Company received letters from the Pulvair Site Group, a group of potentially responsible parties (PRP Group) who are working with the State of Tennessee (the State) to remediate a contaminated property in Tennessee called the Pulvair site. The PRP Group has alleged that Aceto shipped hazardous substances to the site which were released into the environment. The State had begun administrative proceedings against the members of the PRP Group and Aceto with respect to the cleanup of the Pulvair site and the PRP Group has begun to undertake cleanup. The PRP Group is seeking a settlement of approximately \$1,700 from the Company for its share to remediate the site contamination. Although the Company acknowledges that it shipped materials to the site for formulation over twenty years ago, the Company believes that the evidence does not show that the hazardous materials sent by Aceto to the site have significantly contributed to the contamination of the environment and thus believes that, at most, it is a de minimus contributor to the site contamination. Accordingly, the Company believes that the settlement offer is unreasonable. The impact of the resolution of this matter on the Company's results of operations in a particular reporting period is not known. However, management believes that the ultimate outcome of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or liquidity.

The Company has environmental remediation obligations in connection with Arsynco, Inc. (Arsynco), a subsidiary formerly involved in manufacturing chemicals located in Carlstadt, New Jersey, which was closed in 1993 and is currently held for sale. Based on continued monitoring of the contamination at the site and the approved plan of remediation, the Company received an estimate from an environmental consultant stating that the costs of remediation could be between \$9,000 and \$10,800. Remediation commenced in fiscal 2010, and as of March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012, a liability of \$7,400 and \$7,566, respectively, is included in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets for this matter. In accordance with GAAP, management believes that the majority of costs incurred to remediate the site will be capitalized in preparing the property which is currently classified as held for sale. An appraisal of the fair value of the property by a third-party appraiser supports the assumption that the expected fair value after the remediation is in excess of the amount required to be capitalized. However, these matters, if resolved in a manner different from those assumed in current estimates, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, operating results and cash flows when resolved in a future reporting period.

In connection with the environmental remediation obligation for Arsynco, in July 2009, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with BASF Corporation (BASF), the former owners of the Arsynco property. In accordance with the settlement agreement, BASF paid for a portion of the prior remediation costs and going forward, will co-remediate the property with the Company. In accordance with the contract, BASF paid \$550 related to past response costs and will pay a proportionate share of the future remediation costs. Accordingly, the Company recorded a gain of \$550 in fiscal 2009. This \$550 gain relates to the partial reimbursement of costs of approximately \$1,200 that the Company previously expensed. The Company also recorded an additional receivable from BASF, with an offset against property held for sale, representing its estimated portion of the future remediation costs. The balance of this receivable for future remediation costs as of March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012 is \$3,330 and \$3,405, respectively, which is included in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In March 2006, Arsynco received notice from the EPA of its status as a PRP under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) for a site described as the Berry's Creek Study Area. Arsynco is one of over 150 PRPs which have potential liability for the required investigation and remediation of the site. The estimate of the potential liability is not quantifiable for a number of reasons, including the difficulty in determining the extent of contamination and the length of time remediation may require. In addition, any estimate of liability must also consider the number of other PRPs and their financial strength. Based on prior practice in similar situations, it is possible that the State may assert a claim for natural resource damages with respect to the Arsynco site itself, and either the federal government or the State (or both) may assert claims against Arsynco for natural resource damages in connection with Berry's Creek; any such claim with respect to Berry's Creek could also be asserted against the approximately 150 PRPs which the EPA has identified in connection with that site. Any claim for natural resource damages with respect to the Arsynco site itself may also be asserted against BASF, the former owners of the Arsynco property. In September 2012, Arsynco entered into an agreement with three of the other PRPs that had previously been impleaded into New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, et al. v. Occidental Chemical Corporation, et al., Docket No. ESX-L-9868-05 (the "NJDEP Litigation") and were considering impleading Arsynco into same. Arsynco entered into agreement to avoid impleader. Pursuant to agreement, Arsynco agreed to (1) a tolling period that would not be included when computing the running of any statute of limitations that might provide a defense to the NJDEP Litigation; (2) the waiver of certain issue preclusion defenses in the NJDEP Litigation; and (3) arbitration of certain potential future liability allocation claims if the other parties to the agreement are barred by a court of competent jurisdiction from proceeding against Arsynco. Since an amount of the liability cannot be reasonably estimated at this time, no accrual is recorded for these potential future costs. The impact of the resolution of this matter on the Company's results of operations in a particular reporting period is not known. However, management believes that the ultimate outcome of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or liquidity.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

A subsidiary of the Company markets certain agricultural protection products which are subject to the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA). FIFRA requires that test data be provided to the EPA to register, obtain and maintain approved labels for pesticide products. The EPA requires that follow-on registrants of these products compensate the initial registrant for the cost of producing the necessary test data on a basis prescribed in the FIFRA regulations. Follow-on registrants do not themselves generate or contract for the data. However, when FIFRA requirements mandate that new test data be generated to enable all registrants to continue marketing a pesticide product, often both the initial and follow-on registrants establish a task force to jointly undertake the testing effort. The Company is presently a member of several such task force groups, which requires payments for such memberships. In addition, in connection with its agricultural protection business, the Company plans to acquire product registrations and related data filed with the United States Environmental Protection Agency to support such registrations and other supporting data for several products. The acquisition of these product registrations and related data filed with the United States Environmental Protection Agency as well as payments to various task force groups could approximate \$4,661 through fiscal 2014, of which \$0 and \$242 has been accrued as of March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively.

On December 31, 2010, the Company acquired certain assets of Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Rising"), a New Jersey based company that markets and distributes generic prescription and over the counter pharmaceutical products to leading wholesalers, chain drug stores, distributors, mass market merchandisers and others under its own label, throughout the United States. The purchase agreement provides for the payment of additional contingent consideration equal to one-half of the three year cumulative Rising earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization in excess of \$32,100, up to a maximum of \$6,000. As of March 31, 2013, the Company has accrued \$4,811 related to this contingent consideration. In the third quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company recorded additional contingent consideration of \$2,840, which is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013. Any necessary future adjustments to this amount will be recorded as an income statement charge at that time.

**(7) Fair Value Measurements**

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly fashion between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy for those instruments measured at fair value that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and the Company's assumptions (unobservable inputs). The hierarchy consists of three levels:

- Level 1 – Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than Level 1 inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

On a recurring basis, Aceto measures at fair value certain financial assets and liabilities, which consist of cash equivalents, investments and foreign currency contracts. The Company classifies cash equivalents and investments within Level 1 if quoted prices are available in active markets. Level 1 assets include instruments valued based on quoted market prices in active markets which generally include corporate equity securities publicly traded on major exchanges. Time deposits are very short-term in nature and are accordingly valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value, and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts (futures) to minimize the risk caused by foreign currency fluctuation on its foreign currency receivables and payables by purchasing futures with one of its financial institutions. Futures are traded on regulated U.S. and international exchanges and represent commitments to purchase or sell a particular foreign currency at a future date and at a specific price. Aceto's foreign currency derivative contracts are classified within Level 2 as the fair value of these hedges is primarily based on observable forward foreign exchange rates. At March 31, 2013 the Company had foreign currency contracts outstanding that had a notional amount of \$64,484. Unrealized losses on hedging activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$218 and \$221, respectively, and are included in interest and other income, net, in the condensed consolidated statements of income. The contracts have varying maturities of less than one year.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to deliver Hedging Agreements (as defined in the Credit Agreement) fixing the interest rate on not less than \$20,000 of the Term Loan. Accordingly, in March 2011, the Company entered into an interest rate swap for a notional amount of \$20,000, which has been designated as a cash flow hedge. The expiration date of this interest rate swap is December 31, 2015. The unrealized loss to date associated with this derivative, which is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2013, is \$318. Aceto's interest rate swap is classified within Level 2 as the fair value of this hedge is primarily based on observable interest rates.

As of March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012, the Company had \$4,811 and \$1,779, respectively, of contingent consideration that was recorded at fair value in the Level 3 category, which related to the acquisition of Rising, which was completed during fiscal 2011. The contingent consideration was calculated using the present value of a probability weighted income approach. The changes in contingent consideration relates to accrued interest expense of \$192 and additional contingent consideration of \$2,840 for the Rising acquisition, recorded in the third quarter of fiscal 2013.

During the fourth quarter of each year, the Company evaluates goodwill and indefinite-lived intangibles for impairment at the reporting unit level using an undiscounted cash flow model using Level 3 inputs. Additionally, on a nonrecurring basis, the Company uses fair value measures when analyzing asset impairment. Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If it is determined such indicators are present and the review indicates that the assets will not be fully recoverable, based on undiscounted estimated cash flows over the remaining amortization periods, their carrying values are reduced to estimated fair value. Measurements based on undiscounted cash flows are considered to be Level 3 inputs.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

The following tables summarize the valuation of the Company's financial assets and liabilities which were determined by using the following inputs at March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012:

	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2013 Using			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Cash equivalents:				
Time deposits	-	\$ 837	-	\$ 837
Investments:				
Time deposits	-	1,655	-	1,655
Foreign currency contracts- liabilities (1)	-	216	-	216
Derivative liability for interest rate swap (2)	-	318	-	318
Contingent consideration (2)	-	-	\$ 4,811	4,811

(1) Included in "Accrued expenses" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2013.

(2) Included in "Long-term liabilities" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2013.

	Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2012 Using			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Cash equivalents:				
Time deposits	-	\$ 814	-	\$ 814
Investments:				
Time deposits	-	1,518	-	1,518
Foreign currency contracts- assets (3)	-	138	-	138
Foreign currency contracts- liabilities (4)	-	661	-	661
Derivative liability for interest rate swap (5)	-	427	-	427
Contingent consideration (5)	-	-	\$ 1,779	1,779

(3) Included in "Other receivables" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2012.

(4) Included in "Accrued expenses" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2012.

(5) Included in "Long-term liabilities" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2012.



**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

The carrying values of all financial instruments classified as a current asset or current liability are deemed to approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The fair values of the Company's notes receivable and short-term and long-term bank loans were based upon current rates offered for similar financial instruments to the Company.

**(8) Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2011-05, "Presentation of Comprehensive Income", which eliminates the option to report other comprehensive income and its components in the statement of changes in stockholders' equity and requires an entity to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. This pronouncement is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12 "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05". ASU 2011-12 deferred certain aspects of ASU 2011-05. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company adopted this guidance in this first quarter of fiscal 2013. As this guidance only amends the presentation of the components of comprehensive income, the adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08, "Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment", to allow entities to use a qualitative approach to test goodwill for impairment. ASU 2011-08 permits an entity to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. If it is concluded that this is the case, it is necessary to perform the currently prescribed two-step goodwill impairment test. Otherwise, the two-step goodwill impairment test is not required. ASU 2011-08 is effective for the Company in fiscal 2013 and earlier adoption is permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2011-08 at the beginning of fiscal 2013. This adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, "Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment (the revised standard)", which allows companies the option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets is necessary. Under this guidance, an entity is required to perform a quantitative impairment test if qualitative factors indicate that it is more likely than not that indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired. The qualitative factors are consistent with the guidance established for goodwill impairment testing and include identifying and assessing events and circumstances that would most significantly impact, individually or in the aggregate, the carrying value of the indefinite-lived intangible assets. The revised standard is effective for the Company in fiscal 2014 and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2012-02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-04, "Technical Corrections and Improvements." ASU 2012-04 contains certain technical corrections and conforming fair value amendments to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The amendments that do not have transition guidance were effective upon issuance. The amendments that are subject to the transition guidance will be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-04 will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**(9) Segment Information**

The Company's business is organized along product lines into three principal segments: Human Health, Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Performance Chemicals. In fiscal 2012, the Company reconfigured and renamed its three business segments to more accurately reflect the scope of its business activities. As such, the Company has recasted the segment information as if the composition of its reportable segments had existed in the prior period presented.

**ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

**Human Health** - includes finished dosage form generic drugs and nutraceutical products.

**Pharmaceutical Ingredients** – includes pharmaceutical intermediates and active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs).

**Performance Chemicals** - The Performance Chemicals segment is made up of two product groups: Specialty Chemicals and Agriculture Protection Products. Specialty chemicals includes a variety of chemicals which make plastics, surface coatings, textiles, fuels and lubricants perform to their designed capabilities. Dye and pigment intermediates are used in the color-producing industries such as textiles, inks, paper, and coatings. Organic intermediates are used in the production of agrochemicals. In addition, Aceto is a supplier of diazos and couplers to the paper, film and electronics industries.

Agricultural Protection Products includes herbicides, fungicides and insecticides that control weed growth as well as control the spread of insects and other microorganisms that can severely damage plant growth. The Agricultural Protection Products segment also includes a sprout inhibitor for potatoes and an herbicide for sugar cane.

The Company's chief operating decision maker evaluates performance of the segments based on net sales, gross profit and income before income taxes. Unallocated corporate amounts are deemed by the Company as administrative, oversight costs, not managed by the segment managers. The Company does not allocate assets by segment because the chief operating decision maker does not review the assets by segment to assess the segments' performance, as the assets are managed on an entity-wide basis.

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<u>Human Health</u>	<u>Pharmaceutical Ingredients</u>	<u>Performance Chemicals</u>	<u>Unallocated Corporate</u>	<u>Consolidated Totals</u>
<u>2013</u>					
Net sales	\$ 92,559	\$ 142,169	\$ 141,847	\$ -	\$ 376,575
Gross profit	28,062	25,429	20,249	-	73,740
Income (loss) before income taxes	12,760	12,432	8,391	(7,276)	26,307
<u>2012</u>					
Net sales	\$ 78,243	\$ 121,537	\$ 133,659	\$ -	\$ 333,439
Gross profit	22,860	18,654	19,804	-	61,318
Income (loss) before income taxes	9,836	5,839	7,940	(4,164)	19,451

Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<u>Human Health</u>	<u>Pharmaceutical Ingredients</u>	<u>Performance Chemicals</u>	<u>Unallocated Corporate</u>	<u>Consolidated Totals</u>
<u>2013</u>					
Net sales	\$ 36,299	\$ 61,776	\$ 52,796	\$ -	\$ 150,871
Gross profit	11,052	13,382	7,093	-	31,527
Income (loss) before income taxes	5,389	8,794	3,010	(5,606)	11,587
<u>2012</u>					
Net sales	\$ 28,182	\$ 40,580	\$ 52,653	\$ -	\$ 121,415
Gross profit	7,798	6,185	8,172	-	22,155
Income (loss) before income taxes	2,990	1,890	3,849	(1,181)	7,548

### **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Board of Directors and Shareholders  
Aceto Corporation

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated balance sheet of Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries as of March 31, 2013 and the related condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, and cash flows for the nine-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 included in the accompanying Securities and Exchange Commission Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2013. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the consolidated balance sheet of Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2012, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated September 7, 2012, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2012, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

Melville, New York  
May 10, 2013

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT RELATING TO THE SAFE HARBOR PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the federal securities laws. The events described in forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report may not occur. Generally, these statements relate to our business plans or strategies, projected or anticipated benefits or other consequences of our plans or strategies, financing plans, projected or anticipated benefits from acquisitions that we may make, or projections involving anticipated revenues, earnings or other aspects of our operating results or financial position, and the outcome of any contingencies. Any such forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections of management. We intend for these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe-harbor provisions for forward-looking statements. Words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "project," "plan," "intend," "estimate," and "continue," and their opposites and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. We caution you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are beyond our control that may influence the accuracy of the statements and the projections upon which the statements are based. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth or implied by any forward-looking statement include, but are not limited to, our ability to remain competitive with competitors, risks associated with the generic product industry, dependence on a limited number of suppliers, risks associated with healthcare reform and reductions in reimbursement rates, difficulty in predicting revenue stream and gross profit, industry and market changes, the effect of fluctuations in operating results on the trading price of our common stock, inventory levels, reliance on outside manufacturers, risks of incurring uninsured environmental and other industry specific liabilities, governmental approvals and regulations, risks associated with hazardous materials, potential violations of government regulations, product liability claims, reliance on Chinese suppliers, potential changes to Chinese laws and regulations, potential changes to laws governing our relationships in India, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, tax assessments, changes in tax rules, global economic risks, risk of unsuccessful acquisitions, effect of acquisitions on earnings, indemnification liabilities, terrorist activities, reliance on key executives, litigation risks, volatility of the market price of our common stock, changes to estimates, judgments and assumptions used in preparing financial statements, failure to maintain effective internal controls, compliance with changing regulations, as well as other risks and uncertainties discussed in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including, but not limited to, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and other filings. Copies of these filings are available at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

Any one or more of these uncertainties, risks and other influences could materially affect our results of operations and whether forward-looking statements made by us ultimately prove to be accurate. Our actual results, performance and achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether from new information, future events or otherwise.

#### NOTE REGARDING DOLLAR AMOUNTS

In this quarterly report, all dollar amounts are expressed in thousands, except for per-share amounts.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) is intended to provide the readers of our financial statements with a narrative discussion about our business. The MD&A is provided as a supplement to and should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the accompanying notes.

#### Executive Summary

We are reporting net sales of \$376,575 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, which represents a 12.9% increase from the \$333,439 reported in the comparable prior period. Gross profit for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 was \$73,740 and our gross margin was 19.6% as compared to gross profit of \$61,318 and gross margin of 18.4% in the comparable prior period. Our selling, general and administrative costs (SG&A) for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 increased to \$47,769 from \$41,678 which we reported in the prior period. Our net income increased to \$16,926, or \$0.62 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$13,000, or \$0.49 per diluted share in the prior period.

Our financial position as of March 31, 2013 remains strong, as we had cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$37,078, working capital of \$137,326 and shareholders' equity of \$185,169.

Our business is separated into three principal segments: Human Health, Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Performance Chemicals. In fiscal 2012, we reconfigured and renamed our three business segments to more accurately reflect the scope of our business activities. As such, we recasted the segment information as if the composition of our reportable segments had existed in the prior period presented.

Products that fall within our Human Health segment include finished dosage form generic drugs and nutraceutical products. On December 31, 2010, we acquired certain assets of Rising. This acquisition was a natural extension of our successful business model which provides customers and suppliers additional opportunities to penetrate the end user segment of the pharmaceutical market. With the Rising brand label, we have been able to expand our direct involvement in the pharmaceutical distribution space through greater global awareness of our capabilities in the marketing of pharmaceutical intermediates, active ingredients and the ultimate end-products, finished dosage form generics.

Aceto supplies the raw materials used in the production of nutritional and packaged dietary supplements, including vitamins, amino acids, iron compounds and biochemicals used in pharmaceutical and nutritional preparations. Aceto's identification of a change in the attitudes of Europeans towards nutritional products led to the decision to globalize this business and create an operating model to focus on it. This globally structured business has become the model for all of our business segments, providing international reach and perspective for our customers.

The Pharmaceutical Ingredients segment has two product groups: Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and Pharmaceutical Intermediates.

As the use of generic drugs has grown significantly over the years, we believe Aceto's presence in this market also increased dramatically, both domestically and internationally. We supply APIs to the major generic drug companies, who we believe view Aceto as a valued partner in their effort to develop and market generic drugs. The process of introducing a new API from pipeline to market spans a number of years and begins with Aceto partnering with a generic pharmaceutical manufacturer and jointly selecting an API, several years before the expiration of a composition of matter patent, for future generisizing. We then identify the appropriate supplier, and concurrently utilizing our global technical network, ensure they meet the highest standards of quality to comply with regulations. The generic pharmaceutical company will submit the ANDA for FDA approval or European-equivalent approval. The introduction of the API to market occurs after all the development testing has been completed and the ANDA or European-equivalent is approved and the patent expires or is deemed invalid. Aceto, at all times, has a robust pipeline of APIs poised to reach commercial levels, both in the United States and Europe.

Aceto has long been a supplier of pharmaceutical intermediates, the complex chemical compounds that are the building blocks used in producing APIs. These are the critical components of all drugs, whether they are already on the market or currently undergoing clinical trials. Faced with significant economic pressures as well as ever-increasing regulatory barriers, the innovative drug companies look to Aceto as a source for high quality intermediates. Utilizing our global sourcing, regulatory support and quality assurance network, Aceto works with the large, global pharmaceutical companies, sourcing lower cost, quality pharmaceutical intermediates that will meet the same high level standards adhered to by their current commercial products.

According to an IMS Health press release on July 12, 2012, "Following several years of slowing growth, the global market for medicines is poised to rebound from an expected low point of 3-4 percent growth in 2012 to 5-7 percent in 2016, according to a new forecast issued by the IMS Institute for Healthcare Informatics. The report, *The Global Use of Medicines: Outlook through 2016*, found that annual global spending on medicines will rise from \$956 billion in 2011 to nearly \$1.2 trillion in 2016, representing a compound annual growth rate of 3-6 percent. Growth in annual global spending is forecast to more than double by 2016 to as much as \$70 billion, up from a \$30 billion pace this year, driven by volume increases in the pharmerging markets and an uptick in spending in developed nations."

The Performance Chemicals segment includes specialty chemicals and agricultural protection products.

Aceto is a major supplier to many different industrial segments that require outstanding performance from chemical raw materials and additives. We provide chemicals which make plastics, surface coatings, textiles, fuels and lubricants perform to their designed capabilities. These additive specialty products include antioxidants, photo initiators, catalysts, curatives, brighteners and adhesion promoters.

Aceto is a supplier of chemicals to ecofriendly technologies, which are critical in protecting and enhancing the world's ecology.

We provide specialty chemicals for the food, beverage and fragrance industries. Aceto's raw materials are also used in sophisticated technology products, such as high-end electronic parts (circuit boards and computer chips) and binders for specialized rocket fuels. Aceto is also a leader in the supply of diazos and couplers to the paper and film industries. Specific end uses for these products include microfilm, blueprints and photo tooling of printed circuit boards.

We also provide organic intermediates and colorants. The color producing industry manufactures a wide assortment of products and Aceto is the supplier of choice to these producers of "color." From textiles and plastics to inks and paints, our specialty colorant intermediates allow manufacturers to develop an endless rainbow of colorful possibilities.

According to an April 16, 2013 Federal Reserve Statistical Release, in the first quarter of calendar year 2013, the index for consumer durables, which impacts the Specialty Chemicals business of the Performance Chemicals segment, is expected to grow at an annual rate of 12.0%.

Aceto's agricultural protection products include herbicides, fungicides and insecticides which control weed growth as well as the spread of insects and microorganisms that can severely damage plant growth. The agricultural world is dependent on a large variety of deterrent products and we believe Aceto has become a valued partner to the global generic agricultural industry by providing superior quality functional products. One of Aceto's most widely used agricultural protection products is a sprout inhibitor that extends the storage life of potatoes. We work with the large agrochemical distributors to provide alternate sources for key products. Utilizing our global sourcing and regulatory capabilities, we identify and qualify manufacturers either producing the product or with knowledge of the chemistry necessary to produce the product and then file an application with the EPA for a product registration. Aceto has an ongoing working relationship with manufacturers in China and India to determine which of the non-patented, or generic, agricultural protection products they produce can be effectively marketed in the Western world. Over the past several years, we have successfully brought numerous products to market. In addition, we have a strong pipeline, which includes future additions to our product portfolio. The combination of our global sourcing and regulatory capabilities makes the generic agricultural market a niche for us and we will continue to offer new product additions in this market as we move forward. In the National Agricultural Statistics Services release dated June 29, 2012, the total crop acreage planted in 2012 increased by 3.4% to 326 million acres. The number of peanut acres planted in 2012 was up almost 34% from 2011 levels while sugarcane acreage harvested increased approximately 2.2% from 2011. In addition, the potato acreage harvested in 2012 was relatively consistent to the 2011 level.

We believe our main business strengths are sourcing, regulatory support, quality assurance and marketing and distribution. With business operations in nine countries, we distribute more than 1,100 chemical compounds used principally as finished products or raw materials in the pharmaceutical, nutraceutical, agricultural, coatings and industrial chemical consuming industries. We believe that we are currently one of the largest merchant buyers of pharmaceutical and performance chemicals for export from Asia, purchasing from over 500 different manufacturers in China and 200 manufacturers in India.

In this MD&A, we explain our general financial condition and results of operations, including, among other things, the following:

- factors that affect our business
- our earnings and costs in the periods presented
- changes in earnings and costs between periods
- sources of earnings
- the impact of these factors on our overall financial condition

As you read this MD&A section, refer to the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, which present the results of our operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012. We analyze and explain the differences between periods in the specific line items of the condensed consolidated statements of income.

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates and Policies**

As disclosed in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012, the discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. In preparing these financial statements, we were required to make estimates and assumptions relating to critical accounting estimates and policies that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We regularly evaluate our estimates including those related to allowances for bad debts, partnered products, inventories, goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets, long-lived assets, environmental and other contingencies, income taxes and stock-based compensation. We base our estimates on various factors, including historical experience, advice from outside subject-matter experts, and various assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, which together form the basis for our making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Since June 30, 2012, there have been no significant changes to the assumptions and estimates related to those critical accounting estimates and policies.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Nine Months Ended March 31, 2013 Compared to Nine Months Ended March 31, 2012

#### Net Sales by Segment Nine months ended March 31,

Segment	2013		2012		Comparison 2013 Over/(Under) 2012	
	Net sales	% of Total	Net sales	% of Total	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 92,559	24.6%	\$ 78,243	23.5%	\$ 14,316	18.3%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	142,169	37.7	121,537	36.4	20,632	17.0
Performance Chemicals	141,847	37.7	133,659	40.1	8,188	6.1
Net sales	\$ 376,575	100.0%	\$ 333,439	100.0%	\$ 43,136	12.9%

#### Gross Profit by Segment Nine months ended March 31,

Segment	2013		2012		Comparison 2013 Over/(Under) 2012	
	Gross Profit	% of Sales	Gross Profit	% of Sales	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 28,062	30.3%	\$ 22,860	29.2%	\$ 5,202	22.8%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	25,429	17.9	18,654	15.3	6,775	36.3
Performance Chemicals	20,249	14.3	19,804	14.8	445	2.2
Gross profit	\$ 73,740	19.6%	\$ 61,318	18.4%	\$ 12,422	20.3%

#### Net Sales

Net sales increased \$43,136, or 12.9%, to \$376,575 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, compared with \$333,439 for the prior period. We reported sales increases in all three of our business segments.

#### Human Health

Net sales for the Human Health segment increased by \$14,316 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, to \$92,559, which represents a 18.3% increase over net sales of \$78,243 for the prior period, largely driven by new generic product launches at Rising, offset by a reduction in domestic sales of nutritional products due to lower orders of existing products.



#### *Pharmaceutical Ingredients*

Net sales for the Pharmaceutical Ingredients segment were \$142,169 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, when compared to the \$121,537 for the prior period, representing an increase of \$20,632 or 17.0%. The primary reason for the increase is due to the volume of large reorders for existing APIs sold by our United States and German operations, as well as a launch of a new product, sold domestically. In addition, sales of intermediates, which represent key components used in the manufacture of certain drug products, have risen both in the United States and abroad.

#### *Performance Chemicals*

Net sales for the Performance Chemicals segment increased to \$141,847 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$8,188, or 6.1%, from net sales of \$133,659 for the prior period. Our Performance Chemicals segment experienced an increase in sales of our agricultural protection products, primarily from sales of a wide-range insecticide used on various crops including cereals, citrus, cotton, grapes, ornamental grasses and vegetables and increased sales of a broad-spectrum herbicide. In addition, we had an increase in sales of our sprout inhibitor products, which are utilized on potato crops. These increases in agricultural protection product sales is partially offset by a decline in domestic sales of agricultural, dye and pigment intermediates, sold by our Specialty Chemicals business.

#### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit increased to \$73,740 (19.6% of net sales) for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, as compared to \$61,318 (18.4% of net sales) for the prior period.

#### *Human Health*

Human Health gross profit increased to \$28,062 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 when compared to the prior period of \$22,860. The gross margin remained relatively consistent at 30.3% for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 compared to 29.2% for the prior period. The increase in gross profit in the Human Health segment primarily relates to increased sales volume of Rising products.

#### *Pharmaceutical Ingredients*

Pharmaceutical Ingredients' gross profit of \$25,429 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 was \$6,775 or 36.3% higher than the prior period. The gross margin at 17.9% for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 was also higher than the prior period's gross margin of 15.3%. The increase in both gross profit and gross margin is predominantly the result of the increase in the sales volume of reorders of certain APIs, which typically yield a significantly higher gross margin.

#### *Performance Chemicals*

Gross profit for the Performance Chemicals segment increased to \$20,249 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, versus \$19,804 for the prior period, an increase of \$445 or 2.2%. The gross margin at 14.3% for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 was relatively flat compared to the prior period's gross margin of 14.8%.

#### **Selling, General and Administrative Expenses**

SG&A increased \$6,091 or 14.6%, to \$47,769 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$41,678 for the prior period. As a percentage of sales, SG&A increased to 12.7% for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 versus 12.5% for the prior period. The primary reasons for the increase in SG&A are \$2,840 additional accrued contingent consideration related to the Rising acquisition as well as increased research and development expenses related to certain Rising products and increased information technology maintenance and software related costs. We also experienced additional accrued performance award expense and increased fringe benefits and stock-based compensation expense due to increased financial performance. In addition, the Company recorded during the nine months ended March 31, 2012, approximately \$884 of one-time costs associated with the separation of certain executive management employees.

### **Operating Income**

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013, operating income was \$25,971 compared to \$19,640 in the prior period, an increase of \$6,331 or 32.2%. This increase was due to the overall increase in gross profit of \$12,422 offset by the increase in SG&A of \$6,091 from the comparable prior period.

### **Interest Expense**

Interest expense was \$1,570 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$497 from the prior period. The decrease is primarily due to lower average loan balance outstanding as of March 31, 2013 versus March 31, 2012, as well as a lower Adjusted LIBOR rate during the period.

### **Provision for Income Taxes**

The effective tax rate for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 was 35.7% versus 33.2% for the prior period. The increase in the effective tax rate was due to the expected mix of profits from higher tax rate jurisdictions in fiscal 2013. In addition, in fiscal 2011 we repatriated earnings from certain foreign subsidiaries, in connection with our acquisition of Rising. In the third quarter of fiscal 2012, our effective tax rate was favorably impacted by the reversal of approximately \$529 of tax expense related to the final tax payment associated with the fiscal 2011 repatriation. The Company intends to permanently reinvest its undistributed earnings and has no plan for further repatriation.

**Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2012**

**Net Sales by Segment**  
Three months ended March 31,

Segment	2013		2012		Comparison 2013 Over/(Under) 2012	
	Net sales	% of Total	Net sales	% of Total	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 36,299	24.1%	\$ 28,182	23.2%	\$ 8,117	28.8%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	61,776	40.9	40,580	33.4	21,196	52.2
Performance Chemicals	52,796	35.0	52,653	43.4	143	0.3
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 150,871</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 121,415</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 29,456</b>	<b>24.3%</b>

**Gross Profit by Segment**  
Three months ended March 31,

Segment	2013		2012		Comparison 2013 Over/(Under) 2012	
	Gross Profit	% of Sales	Gross Profit	% of Sales	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 11,052	30.4%	\$ 7,798	27.7%	\$ 3,254	41.7%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	13,382	21.7	6,185	15.2	7,197	116.4
Performance Chemicals	7,093	13.4	8,172	15.5	(1,079)	(13.2)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>\$ 31,527</b>	<b>20.9%</b>	<b>\$ 22,155</b>	<b>18.2%</b>	<b>\$ 9,372</b>	<b>42.3%</b>

**Net Sales**

Net sales increased \$29,456, or 24.3%, to \$150,871 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared with \$121,415 for the prior period. We reported sales increases in all three of our business segments.

*Human Health*

Net sales for the Human Health segment increased by \$8,117 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, to \$36,299, which represents a 28.8% increase over net sales of \$28,182 for the prior period, largely driven by new generic product launches at Rising, offset by a reduction in domestic sales of nutritional products due to lower orders of existing products.

#### *Pharmaceutical Ingredients*

Net sales for the Pharmaceutical Ingredients segment were \$61,776 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$21,196 or 52.2% from net sales of \$40,580 for the prior period. The primary reason for the increase is due to the volume of large reorders for existing APIs sold by our United States and German operations, as well as a launch of a new product, sold domestically. In addition, sales of intermediates, which represent key components used in the manufacture of certain drug products, have risen both in the United States and abroad.

#### *Performance Chemicals*

Net sales for the Performance Chemicals segment increased slightly to \$52,796 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$143, or 0.3%, from net sales of \$52,653 for the prior period. Although sales were consistent to the prior period, we experienced a decline in sales of domestic specialty chemicals products, specifically, sales of agricultural, dye and pigment intermediates. Our Performance Chemicals segment experienced an increase in sales of our agricultural protection products, primarily from sales of a wide-range insecticide used on various crops including cereals, citrus, cotton, grapes, ornamental grasses and vegetables, a rise in sales of an herbicide used on sugar cane and increased sales of a broad-spectrum herbicide.

#### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit increased to \$31,527 (20.9% of net sales) for the three months ended March 31, 2013, as compared to \$22,155 (18.2% of net sales) for the prior period.

#### *Human Health*

Human Health gross profit increased to \$11,052 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 when compared to the prior period of \$7,798. The gross margin increased to 30.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to 27.7% for the prior period. The increase in gross profit and gross margin in the Human Health segment primarily relates to increased sales volume of Rising products.

#### *Pharmaceutical Ingredients*

Pharmaceutical Ingredients' gross profit of \$13,382 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was \$7,197 or 116.4% higher than the prior period gross profit of \$6,185. The gross margin for the three months ended March 31, 2013 rose to 21.7% compared to 15.2% for the prior period. The increase in both gross profit and gross margin is predominantly the result of the increase in the sales volume of reorders of certain APIs, which typically yield a significantly higher gross margin.

#### *Performance Chemicals*

Gross profit for the Performance Chemicals segment decreased to \$7,093 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, versus \$8,172 for the prior period, a decrease of \$1,079 or 13.2%. Gross margin for the quarter also decreased to 13.4% compared to the prior period gross margin of 15.5%. The drop in gross profit primarily relates to sales volume decreases on specialty chemical products, particularly domestic sales of agricultural, dye and pigment intermediates. The decrease in gross margin is related to overall unfavorable product mix on a variety of agricultural protection products, as well as on chemicals used in surface coatings.

#### **Selling, General and Administrative Expenses**

SG&A increased \$5,200 or 35.7%, to \$19,781 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$14,581 for the prior period. As a percentage of sales, SG&A increased to 13.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2013 versus 12.0% for the prior period. The primary reasons for the increase in SG&A are \$2,840 additional accrued contingent consideration related to the Rising acquisition as well as increased research and development expenses related to certain Rising products and increased information technology maintenance and software related costs. We also experienced additional accrued performance award expense and increased fringe benefits and stock-based compensation expense due to increased financial performance.

### Operating Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, operating income was \$11,746 compared to \$7,574 in the prior period, an increase of \$4,172 or 55.1%. This increase was due to the overall increase in gross profit of \$9,372 offset by the increase in SG&A of \$5,200 from the comparable prior period.

### Interest and Other Income, Net

Interest and other income, net was \$333 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, which represents a decrease of \$297 from \$630 in the prior period, mainly due to increase in foreign exchange losses, offset in part by an increase in income related to a joint venture.

### Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was 34.5% versus 28.7% for the prior period. In the third quarter of fiscal 2012, our effective tax rate was favorably impacted by the reversal of approximately \$529 of tax expense related to the final tax payment associated with the fiscal 2011 repatriation. Without this adjustment, the effective tax rate would be 35.7% in fiscal year 2012.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### *Cash Flows*

At March 31, 2013, we had \$35,423 in cash and cash equivalents, of which \$24,429 was outside the United States, \$1,655 in short-term investments, all of which is held outside the United States and \$43,868 in long-term debt (including the current portion), all of which is in the United States. Working capital was \$137,326 at March 31, 2013 versus \$118,328 at June 30, 2012. The \$24,429 of cash held outside of the United States is fully accessible to meet any liquidity needs of the countries in which Aceto operates. The majority of the cash located outside of the United States is held by our European operations and can be transferred into the United States. Although these amounts are fully accessible, transferring these amounts into the United States or any other countries could have certain tax consequences. A deferred tax liability will be recognized when we expect that we will recover undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries in a taxable manner, such as through receipt of dividends or sale of the investments. The Company intends to permanently reinvest these undistributed earnings and has no plan for further repatriation. A portion of our cash is held in operating accounts that are with third party financial institutions. While we monitor daily the cash balances in our operating accounts and adjust the cash balances as appropriate, these cash balances could be impacted if the underlying financial institutions fail or are subject to other adverse conditions in the financial markets. To date, we have experienced no loss or lack of access to cash in our operating accounts.

Our cash position at March 31, 2013 increased \$10,561 from the amount at June 30, 2012. Operating activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 provided cash of \$17,417, for this period, as compared to \$9,833 for the comparable period. The \$17,417 was comprised of \$16,926 in net income and \$7,441 derived from adjustments for non-cash items less a net \$6,950 decrease from changes in operating assets and liabilities. The non-cash items included \$5,203 in depreciation and amortization expense, \$2,840 of accrued contingent consideration related to the Rising acquisition, \$1,748 of earnings on an equity investment in a joint venture and \$1,353 in non-cash stock compensation expense. Trade accounts receivable increased \$20,791 during the nine months ended March 31, 2013, due predominantly to an increase in sales in this quarter as compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, as well as an increase in days sales outstanding, from June 30, 2012. Accounts payable increased by \$7,959 due to timing of payments processed at the end of the quarter. Accrued expenses and other liabilities increased \$9,222 due primarily to an increase in price concessions and partnered products liabilities related to increased sales from Rising, as well as timing of income tax payments. Our cash position at March 31, 2012 decreased \$2,053 from the amount at June 30, 2011. Operating activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2012 provided cash of \$9,833, for this period, as compared to cash provided by operations of \$4,823 for the comparable period. The \$9,833 was comprised of \$13,000 in net income and \$5,060 derived from adjustments for non-cash items less a net \$8,227 decrease from changes in operating assets and liabilities, primarily inventory and accrued expenses and other liabilities.

Investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 used cash of \$1,588, primarily related to the purchases of investments of \$1,152 and payments for intangible assets and property and equipment of \$1,465, offset by proceeds received upon sale of investments of \$1,029. Investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2012 used cash of \$2,206, primarily related to purchases of investments, property and equipment and intangible assets.

Financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 used cash of \$5,460 primarily from \$8,897 of repayment of bank borrowings and \$4,481 of payment of cash dividends. In addition, the Company paid \$1,470 of deferred consideration to the sellers of Rising. This use of cash was offset by bank borrowings of \$7,000 and \$1,961 proceeds received from exercise of stock options. Financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2012 used cash of \$8,629, primarily from \$4,698 of bank loan repayments and the payment of dividends of \$2,661. In addition, the Company paid \$1,500 of deferred consideration to the sellers of Rising.

#### *Credit Facilities*

We have available credit facilities with certain foreign financial institutions. These facilities provide us with lines of credit of \$8,538, as of March 31, 2013, all of which is available for borrowing by the respective foreign territories. We are not subject to any financial covenants under these arrangements.

On December 31, 2010, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with two U.S. financial institutions. Aceto may borrow, repay and reborrow during the period ending December 31, 2015, up to but not exceeding at any one time outstanding \$40,000 (the "Revolving Loans"). The Revolving Loans may be (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement), (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2013, the Company borrowed Revolving Loans aggregating \$14,000, which loans are Adjusted LIBOR Loans at an interest rate of 2.06% at March 31, 2013. The Credit Agreement also allows for the borrowing of up to \$40,000 (the "Term Loan"). The Company borrowed a Term Loan of \$40,000 on December 31, 2010. The Term Loan interest may be payable as an (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loan, (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loan, or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2013, the remaining amount outstanding under the original amortizing Term Loan is \$26,250 and is payable as an Adjusted LIBOR Loan at an interest rate of 2.06% at March 31, 2013.

The Credit Agreement also provides that commercial letters of credit may be issued to provide the primary payment mechanism in connection with the purchase of any materials, goods or services by us in the ordinary course of business. At March 31, 2013, we had utilized \$40,297 in bank loans and letters of credit, leaving \$25,953 of this facility unused. The terms of these letters of credit are all less than one year. No material loss is anticipated due to non-performance by the counterparties to these agreements.

The Credit Agreement provides for a security interest in all of our personal property. The Credit Agreement contains several financial covenants including, among other things, maintaining a minimum level of debt service. We are also subject to certain restrictive covenants, including, among other things, covenants governing liens, limitations on indebtedness, limitations on cash dividends, guarantees, sale of assets, sales of receivables, and loans and investments. We were in compliance with all covenants at March 31, 2013.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Credit Agreement, we are required to deliver Hedging Agreements (as defined in the Credit Agreement) fixing the interest rate on not less than \$20,000 of the Term Loan. Accordingly, in March 2011, we entered into an interest rate swap for a notional amount of \$20,000, which has been designated as a cash flow hedge. The expiration date of this interest rate swap is December 31, 2015.

### *Working Capital Outlook*

Working capital was \$137,326 at March 31, 2013 versus \$118,328 at June 30, 2012. In March 2010, we purchased a building in Port Washington, New York, which is now the site of our global headquarters. We moved our corporate offices into this new building in April 2011. On June 30, 2011, we entered into a mortgage payable for \$3,947 on this new corporate headquarters. This mortgage payable is secured by the land and building and is being amortized over a period of 20 years. The mortgage payable bears interest at 5.92% and matures on June 30, 2021.

We continually evaluate possible acquisitions of or investments in businesses that are complementary to our own, and such transactions may require the use of cash. In connection with our agricultural protection business, we plan to continue to acquire product registrations and related data filed with the United States Environmental Protection Agency as well as payments to various task force groups, which could approximate \$4,661 over the next twelve months.

In accordance with the purchase agreement, as amended, related to the Rising acquisition, \$7,970 of deferred consideration was to be paid by Aceto over a four year period with \$1,500 paid in February 2012, \$1,470 paid in December 2012, \$1,500 to be paid not later than fifty-six days following the third anniversary of the closing date of the purchase and \$3,500 to be paid not later than fifty-six days following the fourth anniversary of the closing date of the purchase.

We believe that our cash, other liquid assets, operating cash flows, borrowing capacity and access to the equity capital markets, taken together, provide adequate resources to fund ongoing operating expenditures, the repayment of our bank loans and the anticipated continuation of cash dividends for the next twelve months.

### **Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2011-05, "Presentation of Comprehensive Income", which eliminates the option to report other comprehensive income and its components in the statement of changes in stockholders' equity and requires an entity to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. This pronouncement is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12 "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05". ASU 2011-12 deferred certain aspects of ASU 2011-05. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company adopted this guidance in this first quarter of fiscal 2013. As this guidance only amends the presentation of the components of comprehensive income, the adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08, "Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment", to allow entities to use a qualitative approach to test goodwill for impairment. ASU 2011-08 permits an entity to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. If it is concluded that this is the case, it is necessary to perform the currently prescribed two-step goodwill impairment test. Otherwise, the two-step goodwill impairment test is not required. ASU 2011-08 is effective for the Company in fiscal 2013 and earlier adoption is permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2011-08 at the beginning of fiscal 2013. This adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, "Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment (the revised standard)", which allows companies the option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets is necessary. Under this guidance, an entity is required to perform a quantitative impairment test if qualitative factors indicate that it is more likely than not that indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired. The qualitative factors are consistent with the guidance established for goodwill impairment testing and include identifying and assessing events and circumstances that would most significantly impact, individually or in the aggregate, the carrying value of the indefinite-lived intangible assets. The revised standard is effective for the Company in fiscal 2014 and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2012-02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-04, "Technical Corrections and Improvements." ASU 2012-04 contains certain technical corrections and conforming fair value amendments to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The amendments that do not have transition guidance were effective upon issuance. The amendments that are subject to the transition guidance will be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-04 will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

#### **Market Risk Sensitive Instruments**

The market risk inherent in our market-risk-sensitive instruments and positions is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in investment market prices, foreign currency exchange-rates and interest rates.

#### **Investment Market Price Risk**

We had short-term investments of \$1,655 at March 31, 2013. Those short-term investments consisted of time deposits. Time deposits are short-term in nature and are accordingly valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

#### **Foreign Currency Exchange Risk**

In order to reduce the risk of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, we hedge some of our transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies applicable to each of our various entities. The instruments used for hedging are short-term foreign currency contracts (futures). The changes in market value of such contracts have a high correlation to price changes in the currency of the related hedged transactions. At March 31, 2013, we had foreign currency contracts outstanding that had a notional amount of \$64,484. The difference between the fair market value of the foreign currency contracts and the related commitments at inception and the fair market value of the contracts and the related commitments at March 31, 2013, was not material.

We are subject to risk from changes in foreign exchange rates for our subsidiaries that use a foreign currency as their functional currency and are translated into U.S. dollars. These changes result in cumulative translation adjustments, which are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). On March 31, 2013, we had translation exposure to various foreign currencies, with the most significant being the Euro. The potential loss as of March 31, 2013, resulting from a hypothetical 10% adverse change in quoted foreign currency exchange rates amounted to \$6,839. Actual results may differ.

#### **Interest rate risk**

Due to our financing, investing and cash-management activities, we are subject to market risk from exposure to changes in interest rates. We utilize a balanced mix of debt maturities along with both fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage our exposure to changes in interest rates. Our financial instrument holdings were analyzed to determine their sensitivity to interest rate changes. In this sensitivity analysis, we used the same change in interest rate for all maturities. All other factors were held constant. If there were an adverse change in interest rates of 10%, the expected effect on net income related to our financial instruments would be immaterial. However, there can be no assurances that interest rates will not significantly affect our results of operations.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to deliver Hedging Agreements (as defined in the Credit Agreement) fixing the interest rate on not less than \$20,000 of the Term Loan. Accordingly, in March 2011, the Company entered into an interest rate swap for a notional amount of \$20,000, which has been designated as a cash flow hedge. The expiration date of this interest rate swap is December 31, 2015. The unrealized loss to date associated with this derivative, which is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income in the consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2013, is \$318. Aceto's interest rate swap is classified within Level 2 as the fair value of this hedge is primarily based on observable interest rates.



#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

##### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Our disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, with assistance from other members of our management, have reviewed the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2013 and, based on their evaluation, have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of such date.

##### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during our fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2013 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

##### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

As previously described in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012, we are subject to various environmental proceedings for which there were no material changes during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

##### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors disclosed under Part I- in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012 which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flows. The risks and uncertainties described in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012 are not the only ones we face. Additionally, risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, operating results or cash flows.

##### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

##### **Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

##### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not Applicable.

##### **Item 5. Other Information**

None.

**Item 6. Index to Exhibits**

- 10.1 Seventh Amendment, dated as of March 14, 2013 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 31, 2010, by and among Aceto Corporation, Aceto Agricultural Chemicals Corporation, CDC Products Corporation, Aceto Pharma Corp., ACCI Realty Corp., Arsynco Inc., Aceto Realty LLC, Rising Pharmaceuticals. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent for the Lenders.
- 15.1 Letter re unaudited interim financial information
- 31.1 Certifications of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certifications of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certifications of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101.INS\*\* XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\*\* Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ACETO CORPORATION

DATE May 10, 2013

BY /s/ Salvatore Guccione  
Salvatore Guccione, President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

DATE May 10, 2013

BY /s/ Douglas Roth  
Douglas Roth, Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

**Exhibit 10.1**

**SEVENTH AMENDMENT**, dated as of March 14, 2013 (this "Amendment"), to the **CREDIT AGREEMENT** dated as of December 31, 2010 (as same may be further amended, restated, modified or otherwise supplemented, from time to time, the "Credit Agreement") by and among **ACETO CORPORATION**, a New York corporation, **ACETO AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS CORPORATION**, a New York corporation, **CDC PRODUCTS CORPORATION**, a New York corporation, **ACETO PHARMA CORP.**, a Delaware corporation, **ACCI REALTY CORP.**, a New York corporation, **ARSYNCO INC.**, a New Jersey corporation, **ACETO REALTY LLC**, a New York limited liability company, and **RISING PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.** (f/k/a Sun Acquisition Corp.), a Delaware corporation, jointly and severally, (each a "Company" and collectively the "Companies"), the **LENDERS** which from time to time are parties thereto (individually, a "Lender" and, collectively, the "Lenders") and **JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.**, a national banking association as Administrative Agent for the Lenders.

**RECITALS**

**WHEREAS**, the Companies have requested and the Administrative Agent and the Lenders have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions of this Amendment, to amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement as set forth herein;

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. **Amendments.** Clause (a) of Section 7.14 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

(a) if no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and is then continuing or could occur as a result thereof, Aceto may make dividends and distributions to its shareholders in any trailing twelve (12) month period not to exceed (i) \$7,600,000 for the twelve month period ending March 31, 2013, (ii) \$6,600,000 for the twelve month period ending June 30, 2013, and (iii) \$6,600,000 for the twelve month period ending on the last day of each calendar quarter thereafter.

2. **Conditions of Effectiveness.** This Amendment shall become effective as of the date hereof, upon receipt by the Administrative Agent of (i) this Amendment, duly executed by the Companies and the Lenders and (ii) reimbursement of the legal fees and expenses of Farrell Fritz, P.C., the Agent's counsel, in the amount of \$300.00.

3. **Representations and Warranties.** Each Company hereby represents and warrants to the Lenders and the Administrative Agent as follows:

(a) After giving effect to this Amendment (i) each of the representations and warranties set forth in Article IV of the Credit Agreement is true and correct in all material respects on and as of the date hereof as if made on and as of the date of this Amendment except to the extent such representations or warranties relate to an earlier date in which case they shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date, and (ii) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof or shall result from after giving effect to this Amendment.

(b) Each Company has the power to execute, deliver and perform this Amendment and each of the other agreements, instruments and documents to be executed by it in connection with this Amendment. No registration with or consent or approval of, or other action by, any Governmental Authority is required in connection with the execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment and the other agreements, instruments and documents executed in connection with this Amendment by any Company, other than registration, consents and approvals received prior to the date hereof and disclosed to the Lenders and which are in full force and effect.

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(c) The execution, delivery and performance by each Company of this Amendment and each of the other agreements, instruments, and documents to be executed by it in connection with this Amendment, (i) have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate or limited liability company action, and (ii) will not violate (A) any provision of law applicable to any Company, any rule or regulation of any Governmental Authority applicable to any Company or (B) the certificate of incorporation, by-laws, or articles of organization or operating agreement, as applicable, of any Company.

(d) This Amendment and each of the other agreements, instruments and documents executed in connection with this Amendment to which the Companies are a party have been duly executed and delivered by each Company and constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of each Company enforceable, as the case may be, in accordance with its terms, except to the extent that enforcement may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws, now or hereafter in effect, relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by equitable principles of general application, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law.

(e) Neither the Articles of Organization or Operating Agreement of Aceto Realty LLC nor the Certificate of Incorporation or By-laws of any other Borrower have been amended, modified, revoked or rescinded since the Closing Date.

4. **Miscellaneous.**

Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meanings as defined in the Credit Agreement.

As amended hereby, the Credit Agreement shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with the terms thereof.

The amendments herein contained are limited specifically to the matters set forth above and do not constitute directly or by implication an amendment or a waiver of any other provision of Credit Agreement or a waiver of any Default or Event of Default which may occur or may have occurred under the Credit Agreement.

This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which when taken together shall constitute but one Amendment.

**THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHOUT REGARD TO CONFLICT OF LAW PRINCIPLES.**

5. **Reaffirmation.**

Each Company hereby: (a) acknowledges and confirms that, notwithstanding the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Amendment, (i) all terms and provisions contained in the Security Documents are, and shall remain, in full force and effect in accordance with their respective terms and (ii) the liens heretofore granted, pledged and/or assigned to the Administrative Agent for the benefit of the Lenders as security for the Companies' obligations under the Notes, the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall not be impaired, limited or affected in any manner whatsoever by reason of this Amendment; (b) reaffirms and ratifies all the representations and covenants contained in each Security Document; and (c) represents, warrants and confirms the non-existence of any offsets, defenses, or counterclaims to its obligations under any Security Document.

[the next page is the signature page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Companies, the Lenders and the Administrative Agent have caused this Waiver to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

**ACETO CORPORATION**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Chief Financial Officer

**CDC PRODUCTS CORPORATION**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

**ACETO PHARMA CORP.**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

**ACETO REALTY LLC**

**By: Aceto Corporation, its Sole Member**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Chief Financial Officer

**ACETO AGRICULTURAL  
CHEMICALS CORPORATION**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

**ACCI REALTY CORP.**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

**ARSYNCO INC.**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

**RISING PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.**  
(f/k/a Sun Acquisition Corp.)

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Douglas Roth  
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

**JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, as  
Administrative Agent and as a Lender**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

**WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL  
ASSOCIATION, as a Lender**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

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Filer:	Form Type: 10-Q	Period: 03/31/13	Job Number:	Rev:	Sequence: 1
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TriState Financial	Description: EXHIBIT 15.1				Created using EDGARizerAgent

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**Exhibit 15.1**

May 10, 2013

Aceto Corporation  
Port Washington, New York

We are aware that Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries has incorporated by reference in its Registration Statements on Form S-8 (No. 333-187353, No. 333-174834, No. 333-149586, No. 33-38679, No. 333-90929, and No. 333-110653) our report dated May 10, 2013, relating to the Company's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements appearing in its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2013. Pursuant to Regulation C under the Securities Act of 1933, that report is not considered a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by our firm or a report prepared or certified by our firm within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act. It should be noted that we have not performed any procedures subsequent to May 10, 2013.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

Melville, New York

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Salvatore Guccione, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Aceto Corporation (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 10, 2013

/s/ Salvatore Guccione  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)



**CERTIFICATION**

I, Douglas Roth, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Aceto Corporation (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 10, 2013

/s/ Douglas Roth  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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TriState Financial	Description: EXHIBIT 32.1				Created using EDGARizerAgent

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Exhibit 32.1

**CERTIFICATION**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Aceto Corporation, a New York corporation (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Salvatore Guccione, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Salvatore Guccione  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)  
May 10, 2013

**CERTIFICATION**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Aceto Corporation, a New York corporation (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Douglas Roth, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Douglas Roth  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)  
May 10, 2013